ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF CHULA VISTA AMENDING THE SPECIFIC PLAN OF THE CHULA VISTA LOCAL COASTAL PROGRAM AMENDING CHULA VISTA MUNICIPAL CODE, SECTIONS 19.58.022 (ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT) AND 19.58.023 (JUNIOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS); AND CHAPTERS 19.22 (RESIDENTIAL **ESTATES** ZONE); 19.24 (SINGLE-FAMILY (ONE-AND RESIDENCE); 19.26 TWO-FAMILY 19.28 RESIDENCE ZONE); (APARTMENT RESIDENTIAL ZONE); 19.30 (ADMINISTRATIVE **OFFICE** AND PROFESSIONAL ZONE); 19.36 (CENTRAL COMMERCIAL ZONE); 19.48 (PLANNED COMMUNITY ZONE); AND 19.84 (BAYFRONT SPECIFIC PLAN-LAND USE ZONES)

WHEREAS, in January 2020, the State of California enacted the following laws: Senate Bill 13; Assembly Bill 68; and Assembly Bill 881 that established new provisions for Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADUs); and

WHEREAS, on October 1, 2019, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 3465, amending the ADU and JADU Ordinances by regulating ADU and JADU development fees and the owner occupancy requirement; and

WHEREAS, on November 27, 2018, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 3448, amending the ADU and JADU Ordinances to remove the separate water and sewer connection requirement, make minor amendments to clarify content in certain sections, and correct minor grammatical errors; and

WHEREAS, on April 24, 2018, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 3423, amending the ADU and JADU Ordinances to incorporate new requirements to bring into conformance with new state laws; and

WHEREAS, the new state laws require jurisdictions to adopt the standards provided therein to amend local ADU and JADU ordinances; and

WHEREAS, staff found that the current ADU and JADU Ordinances (CVMC 19.58.022 and 19.58.023 respectively), and Chula Vista Municipal Code (CVMC) Chapters 19.22, 19.24, 19.26, 19.28, 19.30, 19.36, 19.48, and 19.84 are not in compliance with the state laws and need to incorporate the new standards to be in compliance; and

WHEREAS, staff recommends amendments to certain sections in the ADU and JADU Ordinances, and Chapters 19.22, 19.24, 19.26, 19.28, 19.30, 19.36, 19.48, and 19.84 to be in compliance with the new state laws; and

WHEREAS, on October 28, 2020 the City of Chula Vista Planning Commission held an advertised public hearing on the ADU and JADU Ordinances and associated amendments and voted 6-0-0-1 to adopt Resolution No. MPA20-0002 and thereby recommended that the City Council adopt the ADU and JADU Ordinances and associated amendments; and

WHEREAS, the City Council reviewed the proposed legislative action for compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and determined that the action is not a "Project" as defined under Section 15378 of the State CEQA Guidelines; therefore, pursuant to Section 15060(c)(3) of the State CEQA Guidelines the action is not subject to CEQA. In addition, notwithstanding the foregoing, the City Council has also determined that the action qualifies for an Exemption pursuant to Section 15061(b)(3) of the State CEQA Guidelines because it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment. Therefore, no further environmental review is required; and

WHEREAS, the City Council set the time and place for a hearing on the subject amendments to the ADU and JADU Ordinances, and CVMC Chapters 19.22, 19.24, 19.26, 19.28, 19.30, 19.36, 19.48, and 19.84 and notice of said hearing, together with its purpose, was given by its publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the City at least ten days prior to the hearing; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a duly noticed public hearing on said ADU and JADU Ordinance and associated amendments at a time and place as advertised in the Council Chambers located at 276 Fourth Avenue and said hearing was therefore closed.

NOW THEREFORE the City Council of the City of Chula Vista does hereby ordain as follows:

Section I.

Section 19.58.022 Accessory Dwelling Units

A... The purpose of this section is to provide regulations for the establishment of accessory dwelling units in compliance, inter alia, with California Government Code Section 65852.2.65852.2. Said units may be located in areas zoned to allow single-family or multifamily dwelling residential zone districts where adequate public facilities and services are availableuse. Accessory dwelling units are a potential source of affordable housing and shall not be considered in any calculation of allowable density for the lot upon which they are located, and shall also be deemed consistent with the General Plan and zoning

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designation of the lot as provided. Accessory dwelling units shall not be considered a separate dwelling unit for the purpose of subdividing the property into individual condominium or lot ownership.

B— For the purposes of this section, the following words are defined:

"Above" shall mean an accessory dwelling unit that is attached, and built over a primary residence including an attached garage, or above a detached garage or similar accessory building in the rear yard.

_"Accessory dwelling unit" shall meanmeans an attached or a detached residential dwelling unit which that provides complete independent living facilities for one or more persons and is located on a lot with a proposed or existing primary residence. An accessory dwelling unit shall have exterior access from the proposed or existing single-family dwelling. It shall include permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation on the same parcel as the single-family or multifamily dwelling is or will be situated. An accessory dwelling unit also includes the following:

- 1. An efficiency unit, as defined in Section $\frac{17958.117958.1}{17958.1}$ of the Health and Safety Code.
- 2. A manufactured home, as defined in Section <u>1800718007</u> of the Health and Safety Code.

"Accessory Structure" means a structure that is accessory and incidental to a dwelling unit located on the same lot.

"Attached" shall mean a wall, floor, or ceiling of an accessory dwelling unit is shared with the primary residence on the property.

"Basement" shall mean the same as defined in CVMC <u>19.04.026</u>. <u>19.04.026</u>. "Behind" shall mean an accessory dwelling unit constructed either entirely between the rear of the primary residence and the rear property line, or at the side of the primary residence, and set back from the front plane of the primary residence at least 50 percent of the distance between the front and back planes of the primary residence (Exhibit B.1).

"Buildable pad area" shall mean the level finish grade of the lot not including slopes greater than 50 percent grade (Exhibit B.2).

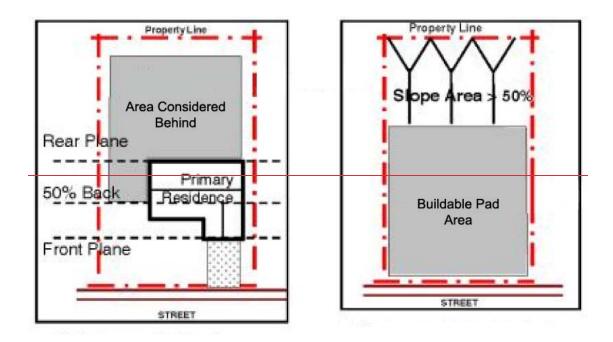


Exhibit B.1 "Behind"

Exhibit B.2 "Buildable Pad Area"

"Detached" shall mean an accessory dwelling unit separated from the primary residence as specified in subsection $\frac{(C)(5)(d)(C)(6)(b)}{(C)(6)(b)}$ of this section.

"Living area" shall meanmeans the interior habitable area of a dwelling unit, including basements and attics, but does not include garagesa garage or any accessory structure.

"Nonconforming zoning condition" means a physical improvement on a property that does not conform with current zoning standards.

"Passageway" means a pathway that is unobstructed clear to the sky and extends from a street to one entrance of the accessory dwelling unit.

"Primary residence" (s)" shall mean a proposed or existing single-family dwelling or existing multifamily dwellings constructed on a lot as the main permitted use by the zone on said parcel.

"Public Street" is any public right-of-way designated for vehicular use.

"Public Transit" means a location, including, but not limited to, a bus stop or train station, where the public may access buses, trains, subways, and other forms of transportation that charge set fares, run on fixed routes, and are available to the public.

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"Tandem parking" shall meanmeans two or more vehicles parked on a driveway or in any other location on thea lot, lined up behind one another.

"Walking distance" means the distance between the Accessory Dwelling Unit and Public Transit as measured along a Public Street. The measurement shall proceed from the Accessory Dwelling Unit in a continuous line to the closest property line of the Public Street, measured perpendicular to the Public Street. The measurement shall then continue along the property lines of the Public Street fronts, and in a direct line across intersections along the shortest pedestrian route toward the Public Transit.

- C— Accessory dwelling units shall be subject to the following requirements and development standards:
- 1— Zones. Accessory dwelling units may accompany a proposed or an existing primary residencecan be created in areas zoned to allow single-family zones, on multifamily zoned lots developed with a single family residence, or similarly zoned lots in the planned community (PC) zone. Accessory or multi-family dwelling units or junior residential use. A Coastal Development Permit may be required for accessory dwelling units are not permitted on lots developed with condominiums, townhomes, apartments, or similar multifamily developments within the coastal zone. Construction of a primary residence can be in conjunction with the construction of an accessory dwelling unit. Where a guesthouse or other similar accessory living space exists, accessory and junior accessory dwelling units are not permitted. The conversion
- 2. Number of a guest house, other similar living areas, or other accessory structures into an Accessory Dwelling Units Permitted
- a. An accessory dwelling unit is permitted, provided the conversion meets the intent and property development standards of this section, and all other applicable CVMC requirements. Accessory dwelling units shall not be permitted on lots within a planned unit development (PUD), unless an amendment to the PUD is approved and specific property development standards are adopted for the construction of said dwelling units for lots on a lot with a proposed or existing single-family dwelling unit, or;
- <u>b.</u> 2. Multiple accessory dwelling units are permitted within the PUD portions of multifamily buildings that are not used as liveable space including, but not limited to storage rooms, boiler rooms, passageways, attics, basements, or garages, Unit Size. The total floor space of an attached or:
- c. A minimum of one accessory dwelling unit, or up to 25% of the existing multifamily units, is permitted within an existing multifamily dwelling, or;
 - d. Up to two (2) detached accessory dwelling units shall be permitted on a lot with an existing multifamily dwelling.
- 3. Unit Size. Accessory dwelling units shall conform to the following size requirements:

- a. The total floor area for an attached accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed 50 percent of the <u>livingtotal floor</u> area of the <u>proposed or existing</u> primary residence or <u>\$850\$</u> square feet, or 1,000 square feet for a unit that provides more than one bedroom, whichever is greater.
- b. An accessory dwelling unit of at least 800 square feet shall be permitted regardless of floor area ratio, lot coverage or open space requirements of the underlying zone.
- c. The total floor area for a detached accessory dwelling shall not exceed 1,200 square feet, whichever is less. The original buildable pad area of a lot may be.
- d. An accessory dwelling unit within an existing accessory structure may be increased through regrading and/or use of retaining walls or structures as allowed for a specific lotby a maximum of 150 square feet beyond the same physical dimensions as the existing accessory structure to accommodate ingress and egress.
- 4. Unit Location. Accessory dwelling units are prohibited inmay be attached to or located within a proposed or existing primary residence or accessory structure (including attached garages, storage areas or similar structures). Accessory dwelling units may be detached from the required front setbackprimary residence.
- <u>5.</u> Height. An accessory dwelling unit, as measured from the ground, shall not exceed the height limit for the primary residence in accordance with the underlying zone, or 16 feet whichever is greater.
- <u>6.</u> Development Standard Exceptions. Accessory dwelling units shall conform to the underlying zoning and land use development requirements for primary residences with the following exceptions:

a. New

5.

- <u>a.</u> A new attached or detached single story accessory dwelling units are unit is allowed a setback of no less than five four feet from the side and rear lot lines.
 - b. For lots with up-slopes between the property line and the side or rear of the house, required yard setbacks are measured from the toe of slope.
 - c. For lots with down slopes between the property line and the side or rear of the house, required yard setbacks shall be measured from the top of slope.

d.

<u>b.</u> A new detached accessory dwelling unit shall be located a minimum of six feet from a primary residence.

e.

c. No setback shall be required for an existing garage, living area, or accessory structure constructed in the same dimensions that is converted to an accessory

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dwelling unit or to a portion of an accessory dwelling unit, and a setback of no less than <u>fivefour</u> feet from the side and rear lot lines shall be required for an accessory dwelling unit that is constructed above <u>a garage.an accessory structre.</u>

6. Lot Coverage. Other than conversions of other structures, new accessory dwelling units and all other structures on the lot are limited to the maximum lot coverage permitted according to the underlying zone. Other than conversions of other structures, a new detached accessory dwelling unit and all other detached accessory structures combined shall not occupy more than 30 percent of the required rear yard setback.

- d. Correction of nonconforming zoning conditions shall not be a condition for ministerial approval of a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit.
- 7— Parking. Parking for an accessory dwelling unit is not required in any of the following instances:
 - a.... The accessory dwelling unit is <u>located</u> within one-half mile <u>from awalking</u> <u>distance of</u> public transit-stop.

h.

<u>b.</u> The accessory dwelling unit is within an architecturally and historically significant historic district.

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c. The accessory dwelling unit is part of <u>athe</u> proposed or existing primary residence or an <u>existing</u>-accessory structure.

d.

d. The accessory dwelling unit is in an area where on-street parking permits are required, but not offered to the occupant of the accessory dwelling unit.

e.

- e. The accessory dwelling unit is located within one block of a car share area.
- 8—2. Accessory dwelling units not meeting any of the above requirements shall be subject to the following access and parking regulations:
 - a— Parking. Parking requirements for accessory dwelling units shall not exceed one parking space per unit or per bedroom, whichever is less. Parking spaces may be provided in tandem on an existing driveway; provided, that access to the garage for the primary residence is not obstructed. Off-street parking shall be permitted in setback areas in locations or through tandem parking, unless specific findings are made that parking in setback areas or tandem parking is not feasible based upon specific site or regional topographical or fire and life safety conditions.
 - b—. The required parking space(s) shall be on the same lot as the accessory dwelling unit. This parking is in addition to the parking requirements for the primary residence as specified in CVMC <u>19.62.170.19.62.170.</u>

- c—. Notwithstanding CVMC 19.62.190,19.62.190, when a garage, carport, or covered parking structure is demolished in conjunction with the construction of an accessory dwelling unit, or is converted to an accessory dwelling unit that was previously used by the primary residence, replacement parking shall be provided prior to, or concurrently with, the conversion of the garage into the accessory dwelling unit. The replacement parking may be located in any configuration on the same lot as the accessory dwelling unit, including, but not limited to, covered spaces, uncovered spaces, tandem spaces, or by the use of mechanical automobile parking lifts: is not required. If the existing driveway is no longer necessary for access to the converted garage or other required parking, said driveway may be used to satisfy the required parking for the accessory dwelling unit when not exempt from subsection (C)(7) of this section.CVMC 19.58.022(C)(7).
- d— Access to all required parking shall be from a public street, alley or a recorded access easement. Access from a designated utility easement or similar condition shall not be permitted. For any lot proposing an accessory dwelling unit and served by a panhandle or easement access, the access must be a minimum 20 feet in width.
- e— Curb cuts providing access from the public right-of-way to on-site parking spaces shall be acceptable to the City Engineer. A construction permit from the City Engineer shall be obtained for any new or widened curb cuts.
- f... Required parking spaces or required maneuvering area shall be free of any utility poles, support wires, guard rails, stand pipes or meters, and be in compliance with CVMC 19.62.150.19.62.150.
- g—. When a required parking space abuts a fence or wall on either side, the space shall be a minimum of 10 feet wide. If this area also serves as the pedestrian access from an accessory dwelling unit to the street, the paving shall be a minimum 12 feet wide.
 - h. All required parking spaces shall be kept clear for parking purposes only.
- 9—2. Utilities. An accessory dwelling unit may be served by the same water and sewer lateral connections that serve the primary residence. A separate electric meter and address may be provided for the accessory dwelling unit.
- 10— Design Standards. The Dwelling units on the lot shall retain a single family should be complimentary or compatible in appearance with each other by incorporating matching architectural design, building materials and colors of the primary residence with the accessory dwelling unit, and any other accessory structure built concurrently with the accessory dwelling unit. However, the primary residence may be modified to match the new accessory dwelling unit. The accessory dwelling unit shall be subject to the following development design standards:

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a. Matching architectural design components shall be provided between the primary residence, accessory dwelling unit, and any other accessory structures. These shall include, but are not limited to:

- i. Window and door type, style, design and treatment;
- ii. Roof style, pitch, color, material and texture;
- iii. Roof overhang and fascia size and width;
- iv. Attic vents color and style;
- v. Exterior finish colors, texture and materials.

b. A useable rear yard open space of a size at least equal to 50 percent of the required rear yard area of the underlying zone shall be provided contiguous to the primary residence. Access to this open space shall be directly from a common floor space area of the primary residence such as living or dining rooms, kitchens or hallways, and without obstruction or narrow walkways.

- e. A useable open space that has a minimum dimension of six feet and an area not less than 60 square feet in area shall be provided contiguous to an accessory dwelling unit. A balcony or deck may satisfy this requirement for second story units.
- d. Windows on second story accessory dwelling units should be staggered and oriented away from adjacent residences closer than 10 feet. The location and orientation of balconies or decks shall also be oriented away from adjacent backyards and living space windows.
- e. Trash and recycling containers must be stored between pick-up dates in an on-site location that is screened from public view and will not compromise any required open space areas.
- 11— Designated Historical Sites. An accessory dwelling unit may be allowed on designated or historical sites, provided the location and design of the accessory dwelling unit meets corresponding historical preservation requirements in place at the time the accessory dwelling unit is built, and complies with the requirements of this section including the following:
 - a—<u>.</u> The accessory dwelling unit shall be located behind a primary residence that is determined to be a historic resource.

- b—. The construction of the accessory dwelling unit shall not result in the removal of any other historically significant accessory structure, such as garages, outbuildings, stables or other similar structures.
- c— The accessory dwelling unit shall be designed—so as to have a distinguishable architectural style and finished materials composition from the historic primary residence or structure.
- d— Construction of an accessory dwelling unit shall not result in demolition, alteration or movement of any historic structures and any other on-site features that convey the historic significance of the structure and site.
- e— If an historic house/site is under a Mills Act contract with the City, the contract shall be amended to authorize the introduction of the accessory dwelling unit on the site.
- 12. Occupancy Requirement. At the time of building permit submittal, and continuously thereafter, the property owner(s) shall reside on the lot on which the accessory dwelling unit is located or constructed. The Zoning Administrator shall have the authority to suspend this occupancy requirement for a period not to exceed five years when evidence has been submitted that one of the following situations exists:
 - a. The property owner's health requires them to temporarily live in an assisted living or nursing facility.
 - b. The property owner is required to live outside the San Diego region as a condition of employment or military service.
 - c. The property owner is required to live elsewhere to care for an immediate family member.
 - d. The property owner has received the property as the result of the settlement of an estate.

This subsection (C)(12) shall be held in abeyance until January 1, 2025.

13. Land Use Agreement. Concurrent with the issuance of building permits for the construction of an accessory dwelling unit, the property owner shall sign and notarize a land use agreement which sets forth the occupancy and use limitations prescribed in this section. This agreement will

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be recorded with the County of San Diego Recorder on title to the subject property. This agreement shall run with the land, and inure to the benefit of the City of Chula Vista.

14.

- 13. Accessory dwelling units shall not be required to provide fire sprinklers if they are not required for the primary residence.
- 14. An application for an accessory dwelling unit that is deemed complete by the City shall be considered and approved within 60 days if there is an existing single-family or multifamily dwelling on the lot. If the application is submitted with an application to create a new single-family dwelling on the lot, the application for the accessory dwelling unit shall be considered and approved within 60 days of approval of the new single-family dwelling.
- 15. Recordation of a deed restriction is required, which shall run with the land, shall be filed with the permitting agency, and shall include both of the following:
 - a. A prohibition on the sale of the accessory dwelling unit separate from the sale of the single-family residence, including a statement that the deed restriction may be enforced against future purchasers.
 - b. A restriction on the size and attributes of the accessory dwelling unit that conforms to this section.
- 15. Accessory dwelling units that are applied for after the effective date of this ordinance, cannot be rented for less than 30 days.
- 16. Accessory dwelling units are exempt from the requirements of CVMC Section 12.24.030 Dedications-Required.
- 17. An application for an accessory dwelling unit on a private sewage disposal system, shall require approval by the local health officer.

19.58.023— Junior accessory dwelling units Accessory Dwelling Units.

A.__ Definition: "Junior accessory dwelling unit" shall meanmeans a unit that is no more than 500 square feet in size and contained entirely within anthe space of a proposed or existing single-family structureresidence. A junior accessory dwelling unit may include separate sanitation facilities, or may share sanitation facilities with the existing structure.residence.

B— In single-family residential zones, a junior accessory dwelling unit is permitted and shall meet all of the following:

1.

- 1. One junior accessory dwelling unit per residential lot zoned for single-family residences with <u>an existing or proposed</u> single-family residence-<u>already built,</u>
- 2. One junior accessory dwelling unit and no ADU or guest house existsone accessory dwelling unit are allowed on thea lot with a primary residence.
- 3. Owner-occupancy is required in the single-family residence in which the junior accessory dwelling unit will be permitted. The owner may reside in either the remaining portion of the <u>structureresidence</u> or the newly created junior accessory dwelling unit. Owner-occupancy shall not be required if the owner is another governmental agency, land trust, or housing organization.

This subsection (B)(2) shall be held in abeyance until January 1, 2025.

3

4. Recordation of a deed restriction is required, shall run with the land, and shall be filed with the permitting agency, and shall include both of the following:

a.

<u>a.</u> A prohibition on the sale of the junior accessory dwelling unit separate from the sale of the single-family residence, including a statement that the deed restriction may be enforced against future purchasers.

h.

<u>b.</u> A restriction on the size and attributes of the junior accessory dwelling unit that conforms to this section.

4.

<u>5.</u> A permitted junior accessory dwelling unit shall be constructed within the existing walls of the <u>structure</u>, and <u>require the inclusion of an existing bedroomsingle-family</u> residence.

5.

<u>6.</u> A separate entrance from the main entrance to the <u>primary</u> structure is required, <u>with an interior entry to the main living area</u>. A permitted junior accessory dwelling may include a second interior doorway for sound attenuation.

6

7. An efficiency kitchen for the junior accessory dwelling unit is required, and shall include:

a. A sink with a maximum waste line diameter of one and one-half inches.

h-

<u>a.</u> A cooking facility with appliances that do not require electrical service greater than 120 volts or natural or propane gas.

c

<u>b.</u> A food preparation counter and storage cabinets that are of reasonable size in relation to the size of the junior accessory dwelling unit.

C.—. Additional parking is not required for a junior accessory dwelling unit.

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D. For purposes of providing service for water, sewer, or power, including a connection fee, a junior accessory dwelling unit shall not be considered a separate or new dwelling unit. (Ord. 3465 § 1, 2019; Ord. 3448 § 1, 2018; Ord. 3423 § 1, 2018).

E. Correction of nonconforming zoning conditions shall not be a condition for ministerial approval of a permit application for the creation of a junior accessory dwelling unit.

F. An application for a junior accessory dwelling unit that is deemed complete by the City shall be considered and approved within 60 days if there is an existing single-family dwelling on the lot. If the application is submitted with an application to create a new single-family dwelling on the lot, the application for the junior accessory dwelling unit shall be considered and approved within 60 days of approval of the new single-family dwelling.

G. Junior accessory dwelling units are exempt from the requirements of CVMC Section 12.24.030 Dedications-Required.

H. Junior accessory dwelling units that are applied for after the effective date of this ordinance, cannot be rented for less than 30 days.

Section II.

Chapter 19.22 – R-E - RESIDENTIAL ESTATES ZONE

19.22.060 Height regulations.

Principal buildings may not exceed two and one-half stories or 28 feet in height. However, an increase in building height may be allowed subject to approval of a conditional use permit. No accessory building shall exceed one and one-half stories or 15 feet in height except as provided in CVMC 19.16.040 and 19.58.022. The height of a residential structure is measured from the highest point of the roof line to finished grade.

Section III

Chapter 19.24 - R-1 - SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONE

19.24.060 Height regulations.

Principal buildings may not exceed two and one-half stories or 28 feet in height; however, an increase in building height may be allowed subject to approval of a variance. No accessory building shall exceed one and one-half stories or 15 feet in height except as provided in CVMC 19.16.040 and 19.58.022. The height of a residential structure is measured from the highest point of the roof line to finished grade.

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Section IV.

Chapter 19.26 R-2 – ONE- AND TWO-FAMILY RESIDENCE ZONE

19.26.030 Accessory uses and buildings.

The following are the accessory uses permitted in an R-2 zone:

G. Accessory dwelling units on lots developed with a proposed or existing single-family dwelling, or an existing duplex subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022;

19.26.060 Height regulations.

Principal buildings may not exceed two and one-half stories or 28 feet in height; however, an increase in building height may be allowed subject to approval of a variance. No accessory building height shall exceed one and one-half stories or 15 feet in height except as provided in CVMC 19.16.040 and 19.58.022. The height of a residential structure is measured from the highest point of the roof line to finished grade.

Section V.

Chapter 19.28 R-3 – APARTMENT RESIDENTIAL ZONE

19.28.030 Accessory uses and buildings.

Accessory uses and buildings in the R-3 zone include:

- H. Accessory dwelling units on lots developed with a proposed or existing single-family dwelling, or existing multifamily dwelling subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022.
- I. A minimum of one accessory dwelling unit, or up to 25% of the existing multifamily units, is permitted within an existing multifamily dwelling subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022, or;
- J. A maximum of two detached accessory dwelling units are permitted on lots with an existing multifamily dwelling where such units are detached from that multifamily dwelling, or;
- K. Multiple accessory dwelling units may be permitted within portions of existing multifamily dwelling buildings that are not used as living space including, but not limited to, storage rooms; boiler rooms; passageways; attics; basements; or garages subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022.

19.28.060 Height regulations.

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- A. Height regulations in the R-3 zone and R-3-M, R-3-T and R-3-G classifications are as follows:
- 1. No principal building shall exceed either two and one-half stories or 28 feet in height and no accessory building shall exceed either two stories or 25 feet in height, except as provided in CVMC 19.16.040 and CVMC 19.58.022.

Section VI.

Chapter 19.30 C-O - ADMINISTRATIVE AND PROFESSIONAL OFFICE ZONE

19.30.030 Accessory uses and buildings.

Accessory uses in the C-O zone are as follows:

- B. Accessory uses and buildings customarily appurtenant to a permitted use, such as incidental storage facilities (see CVMC 19.58.020) and Accessory dwelling units as follows:
 - 1. A minimum of one accessory dwelling unit, or up to 25% of the existing multifamily units, is permitted within an existing multifamily dwelling subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022, or;
 - 2. A maximum of two detached accessory dwelling units on lots with an existing multi-family dwelling where such units are detached from that multifamily dwelling subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022, or;
 - 3. Multiple accessory dwelling units may be permitted within portions of existing multifamily dwelling buildings that are not used as living space including, but not limited to, storage rooms; boiler rooms; passageways; attics; basements; or garages subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022.

19.30.060 Height regulations.

No principal building shall exceed three and one-half stories or 45 feet in height, and no accessory building shall exceed one and one-half stories or 15 feet in height, except as provided in CVMC 19.16.040 and 19.58.022.

Section VII.

CHAPTER 19.36 C-C - CENTRAL COMMERICAL ZONE

19.36.022 Accessory uses and buildings.

B. A minimum of one accessory dwelling unit, or up to 25% of the existing multifamily

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units, is permitted within an existing multifamily dwelling subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022, or;

- C. A maximum of two detached accessory dwelling units on lots with an existing multifamily dwelling where such units are detached from that multifamily dwelling subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022, or;
- D. Multiple accessory dwelling units may be permitted within portions of existing multifamily dwelling buildings that are not used as living space including, but not limited to, storage rooms; boiler rooms; passageways; attics; basements; or garages subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022.

Section -VIII.

Chapter 19.48 P-C – PLANNED COMMUNITY ZONE

19.48.145 P-C zone – Accessory dwelling units.

Accessory dwelling units and junior accessory dwelling units may be permitted within single-family residential areas within the planned community zone subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022 and CVMC 19.58.023, and the provisions of the respective general development plans and sectional planning area plans for each particular planned community.

Section -IX.

Chapter 19.84 BAYFRONT SPECIFIC PLAN-LAND USE ZONES

19.84.005 Residential Zones.

(A)(2)h. Accessory uses and buildings including:

- i. Customary incidental home occupations, subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.14.490;
- ii. Other accessory uses and accessory buildings customarily appurtenant to a permitted use, subject to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.020;
- iii. Full-time foster homes as defined in CVMC 19.04.098;
- iv. Satellite dish antennas per the provisions of CVMC 19.22.030(F);
- v. Accessory dwelling units pursuant to the provisions of CVMC 19.58.022.

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Section -X. Severability

If any portion of this Ordinance, or its application to any person or circumstance, is for any reason held to be invalid, unenforceable or unconstitutional, by a court of competent jurisdiction, that portion shall be deemed severable, and such invalidity, unenforceability or unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity or enforceability of the remaining portions of the Ordinance, or its application to any other person or circumstance. The City Council of the City of Chula Vista hereby declares that it would have adopted each section, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance, irrespective of the fact that any one or more other sections, sentences, clauses or phrases of the Ordinance be declared invalid, unenforceable or unconstitutional.

Section XI. Construction

The City Council of the City of Chula Vista intends this Ordinance to supplement, not to duplicate or contradict, applicable state and federal law and this Ordinance shall be construed in light of that intent.

Section XII. Effective Date

This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force on the thirtieth day after its final passage.

Section XIII. Publication

The City Clerk shall certify to the passage and adoption of this Ordinance and shall cause the same to be published or posted according to law.

Presented by:	Approved as to form by:
Tiffany Allen	Glen R. Googins
Director of Developmental Services	City Attorney